

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 35386-02 EXP E6180 NATURAL 0000

# **Section 1. Identification**

35386-02 EXP E6180 NATURAL 0000 **GHS** product identifier

Chemical name Mixture **CAS** number Mixture

Other means of identification VC1001302460

**Product type** solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** Industrial applications. Plastics.

POLYONE CORPORATION33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH Supplier's details

440121 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

**Emergency telephone number** (with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC International +1 703 741 5970

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or

mixture

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1

# **GHS** label elements

Signal word Warning

**Hazard statements** May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

# **Precautionary statements**

Not applicable. General Not applicable. **Prevention** Response Not applicable. Storage Not applicable. **Disposal** Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces,

sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Prevent dust accumulation.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

oral toxicity: 95.9 %

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

dermal toxicity: 97.2 %

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

inhalation toxicity: 97.2 %

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

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**Chemical name** : Mixture

Other means of identification : VC1001302460

| Ingredient name       | % (w/w)      | CAS number |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| Dibutyltin mercaptide | >=0.5 - <1.5 | 10584-98-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

Inhalation

**Ingestion** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if

irritation occurs.

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if

adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

**Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose,

throat and lungs.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use dry chemical powder.

Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a

potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

: May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-

fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving

any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep

fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece

operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name       | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Dibutyltin mercaptide | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (2007-08-10) Absorbed through  |
|                       | skin.   |
|                       | STEL 0.2 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                    |
|                       | TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                     |
|                       | CA British Columbia Provincial (2004-08-01) Absorbed      |
|                       | through skin.   |
|                       | TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                     |
|                       | STEL 0.2 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                    |
|                       | CA Ontario Provincial (2015-06-29) Absorbed through skin. |
|                       | TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                     |
|                       | CA Alberta Provincial (2009-07-01) Absorbed through skin. |
|                       | STEL 0.2 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                    |
|                       | CA Alberta Provincial (2004-04-30) Absorbed through skin. |
|                       | TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                     |
|                       | CA Quebec Provincial (2000-01-12) Absorbed through skin.  |
|                       | TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                     |
|                       | STEL 0.2 mg/m3 (as Sn)                                    |
|                       |   |

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be

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checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical

products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be

used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust

concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the

gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and

should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator

that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical statesolid [Powder.]ColorNO PIGMENTOdorNot available.Odor thresholdNot available.pHNot available.

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Not available.Fire point: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

#### Aerosol product

**Heat of combustion** : Not available.

Ignition distance:Not available.Enclosed space ignition - Time:Not available.

equivalent

**Enclosed space ignition -**

**Deflagration density** 

Flame height : Not available.
Flame duration : Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product

or its ingredients.

Not available.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible

sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding

containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

**Incompatible materials** : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

# **Information on toxicological effects**

# **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result    | Species | Dose      | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|----------|
| Dibutyltin mercaptide   |           |         |           |          |
|                         | LD50 Oral | Rat     | 510 mg/kg | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)** 

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of** : Not available.

#### exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat

and lungs.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract

irritation, coughing

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

# Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

# **Potential chronic health effects**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic

respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value    |
|-------|--------------|
| Oral  | 39,480 mg/kg |

Other information : This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects.

Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information

# **Toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Dibutyltin mercaptide   | 3.4    | •   | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

TDG Classification

ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

# Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

# **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

# **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals**

None of the components are listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

None of the components are listed.

# **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

# **Annex A - Elimination - Production**

None of the components are listed.

# **Annex A - Elimination - Use**

None of the components are listed.

# **Annex B - Restriction - Production**

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex B - Restriction - Use

None of the components are listed.

# **Annex C - Unintentional - Production**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

None of the components are listed.

# **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

# **Heavy metals - Annex 1**

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

#### POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

# **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such

components are listed in NDSL.

**China** : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Japan : Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined.

United States : All components are active or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

# **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

 $IATA = International \ Air \ Transport \ Association$ 

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

# Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification                 | Justification         |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 | On basis of test data |

**References** : Not available.

#### Notice to reader

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